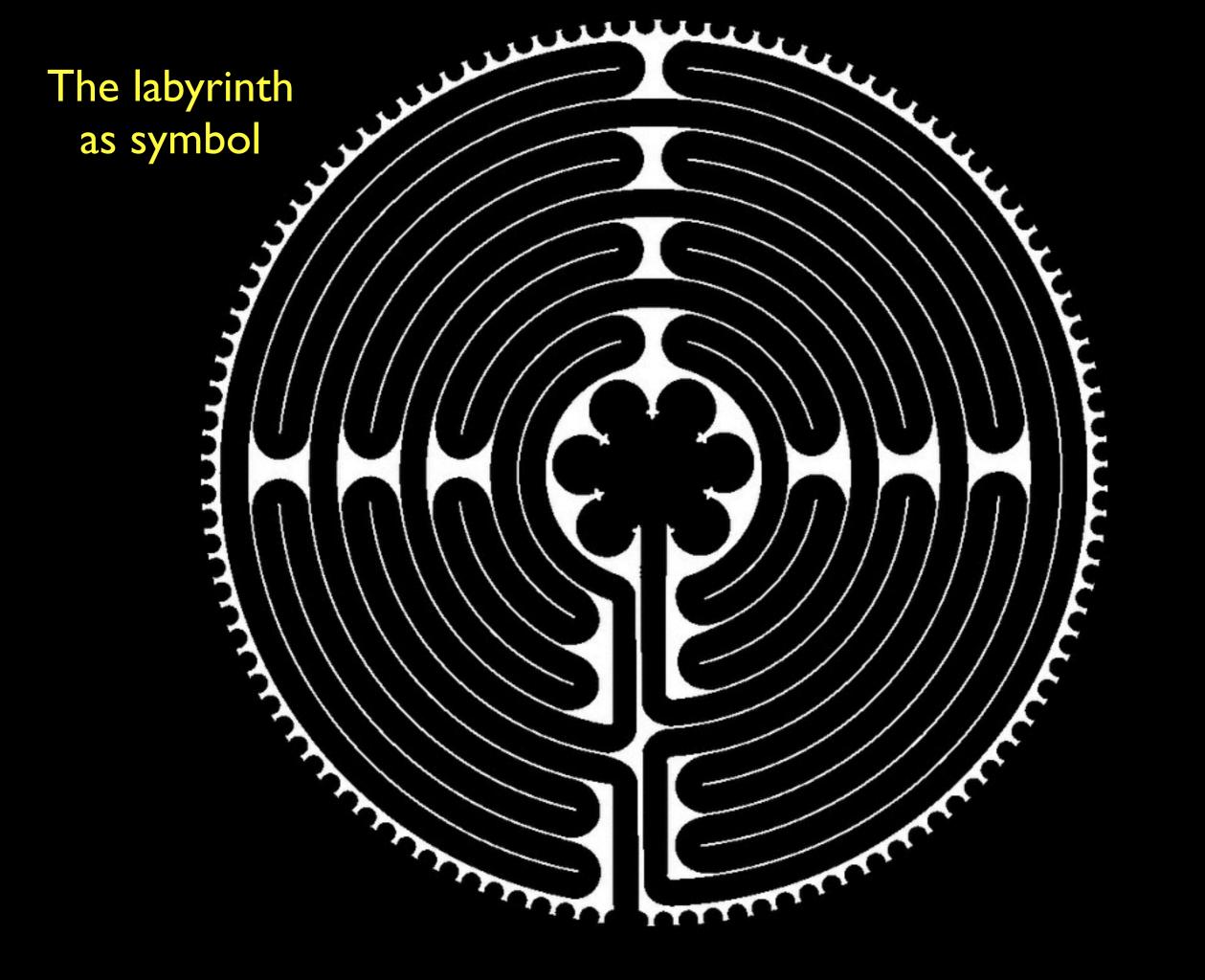


The Rev. Jill K H Geoffrion, Ph.D. www.jillgeoffrion.com throughjillseyes.wordpress.com

Song and Prayer for our Class





sym·bol

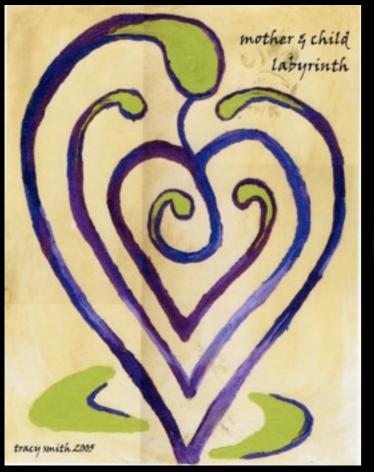
/'simbəl/ ◆)

noun

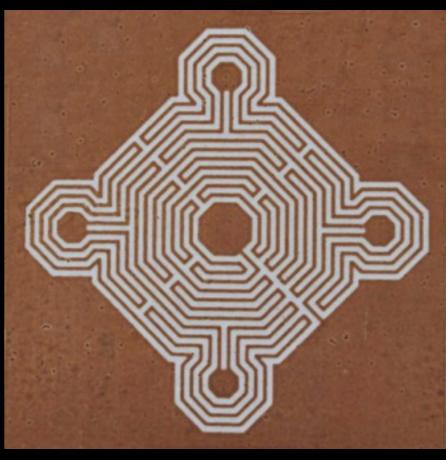
 a thing that represents or stands for something else, esp. a material object representing something abstract.

"the limousine was another symbol of his wealth and authority" synonyms: emblem, token, sign, representation, figure, image; metaphor, allegory; icon

"the lotus is the symbol of purity"







The cross
as an
example of
a symbol

(What does it mean to you?)



A symbol has many meanings, not just one. It is suggestive, not definitive.



Symbols speak to different parts of us—our minds, but also to parts of us that don't use words.

"Many people are surprised by the instant rapport they feel with a labyrinth. Its basic circularity incorporates a universal shape reflected throughout nature and the solar system. Three-dimensionally the circle becomes a sphere, the shape of atoms, the earth, the sun, and stars."

Robert Ferré. "Ancient Symbol" in Labyrinth Revival.

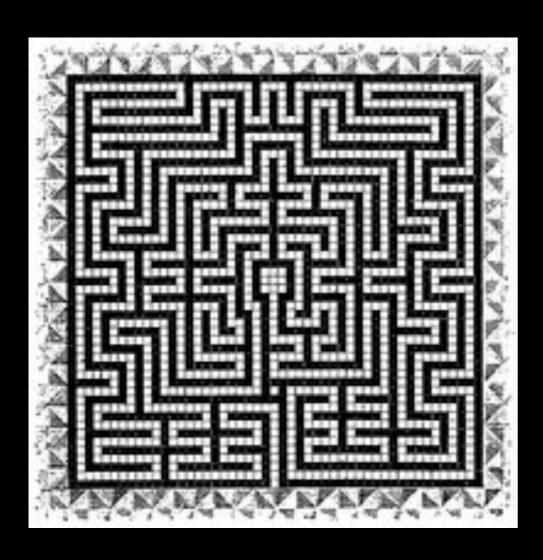
"Symbol and metaphor are very important to human thinking, experience, and communication. They stimulate our imagination and serve as tools to enrich our ability to understand and interpret our experiences in life. In our relationship with God, symbols and metaphors help us to grasp and remember what is most important. Thus, we find the use of symbol and metaphor frequently in Scripture and in the Judeo-Christian tradition."



From: Tim Geoffrion, The Powerful Use of Symbol and Metaphor in the Judeo-Christian Tradition: Rich Symbolism in Labyrinth Prayer. Used by permission.

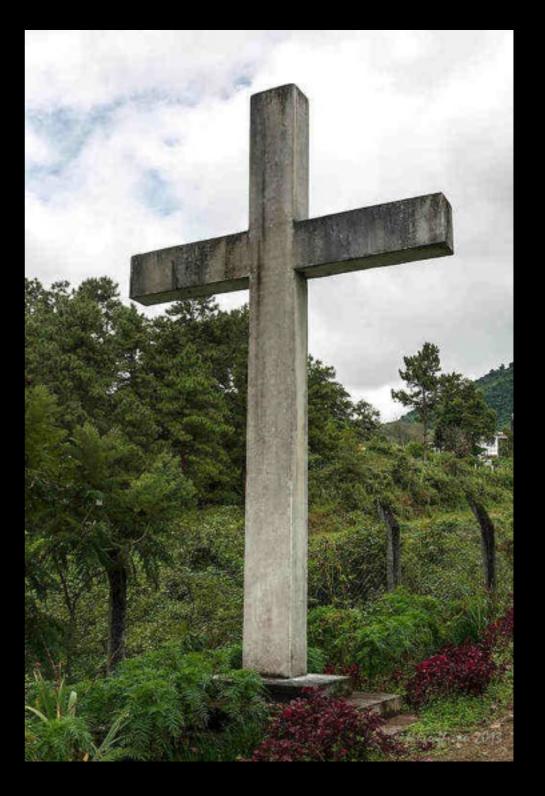
Bead labyrinth created by Linda Campbell.

Symbols often have a paradoxical nature: they may represent things that seem contradictory.



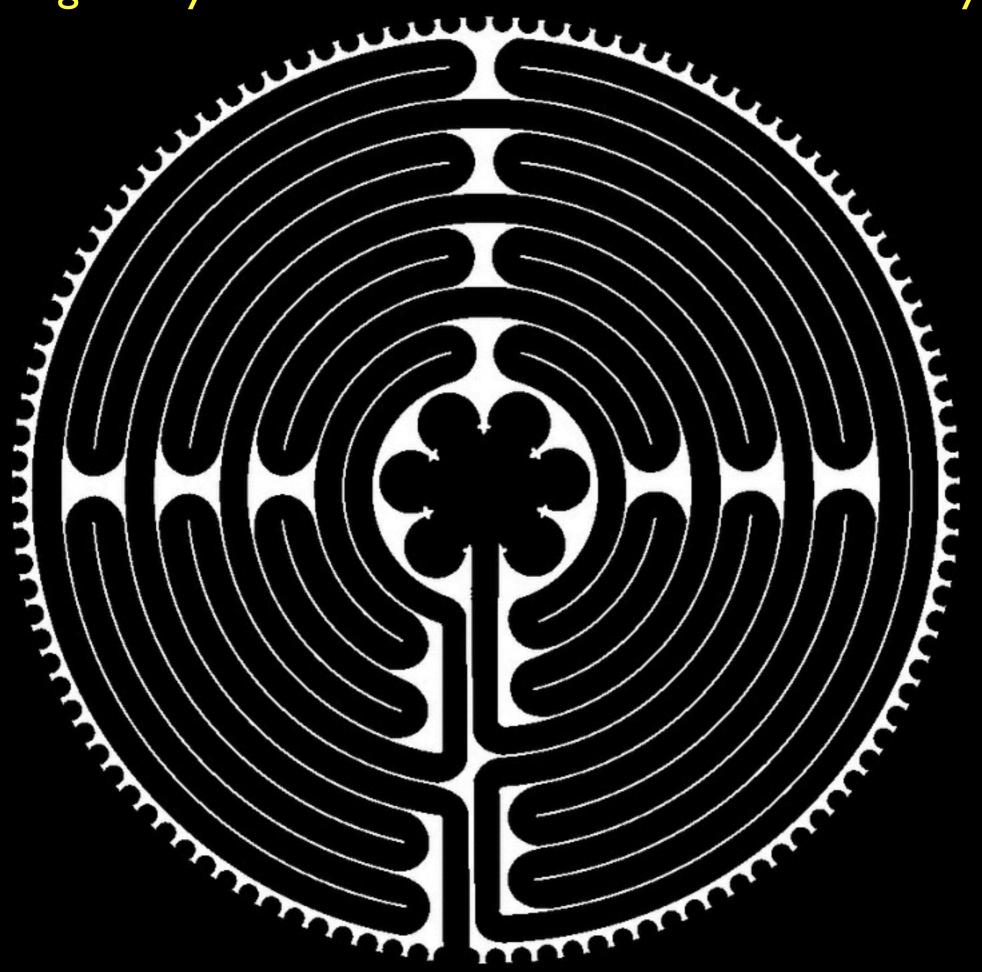
Order and chaos

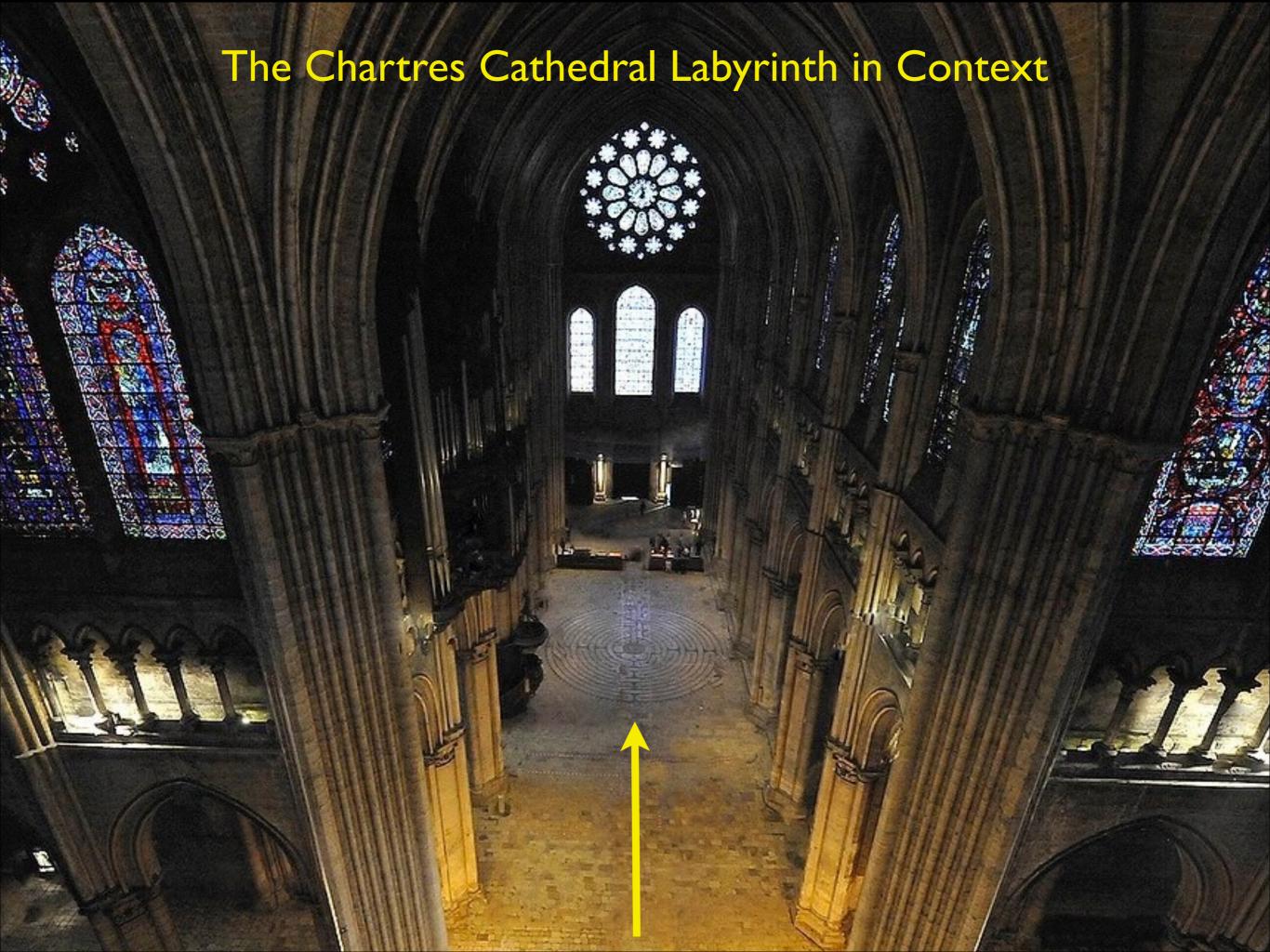
Diagram by Jeff Saward, used by permission www.labyrinthos.com



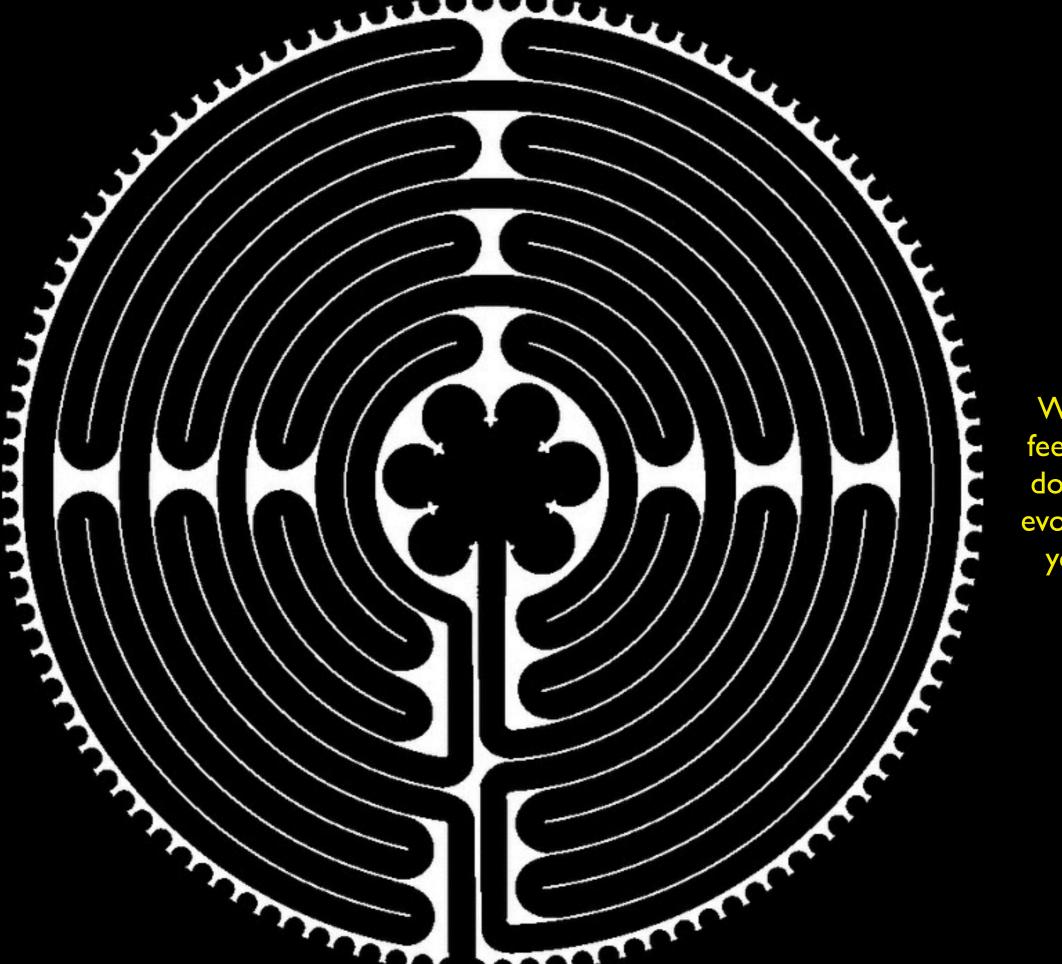
Joining of heaven and earth Rendering apart of heaven (God) and earth (Jesus)

Exploring the symbolism of the Chartres Cathedral labyrinth





What
do you
see
when
you
look
at this
labyrinth?

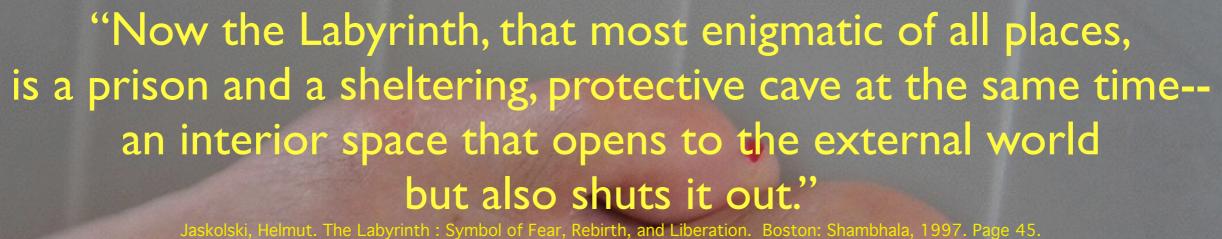


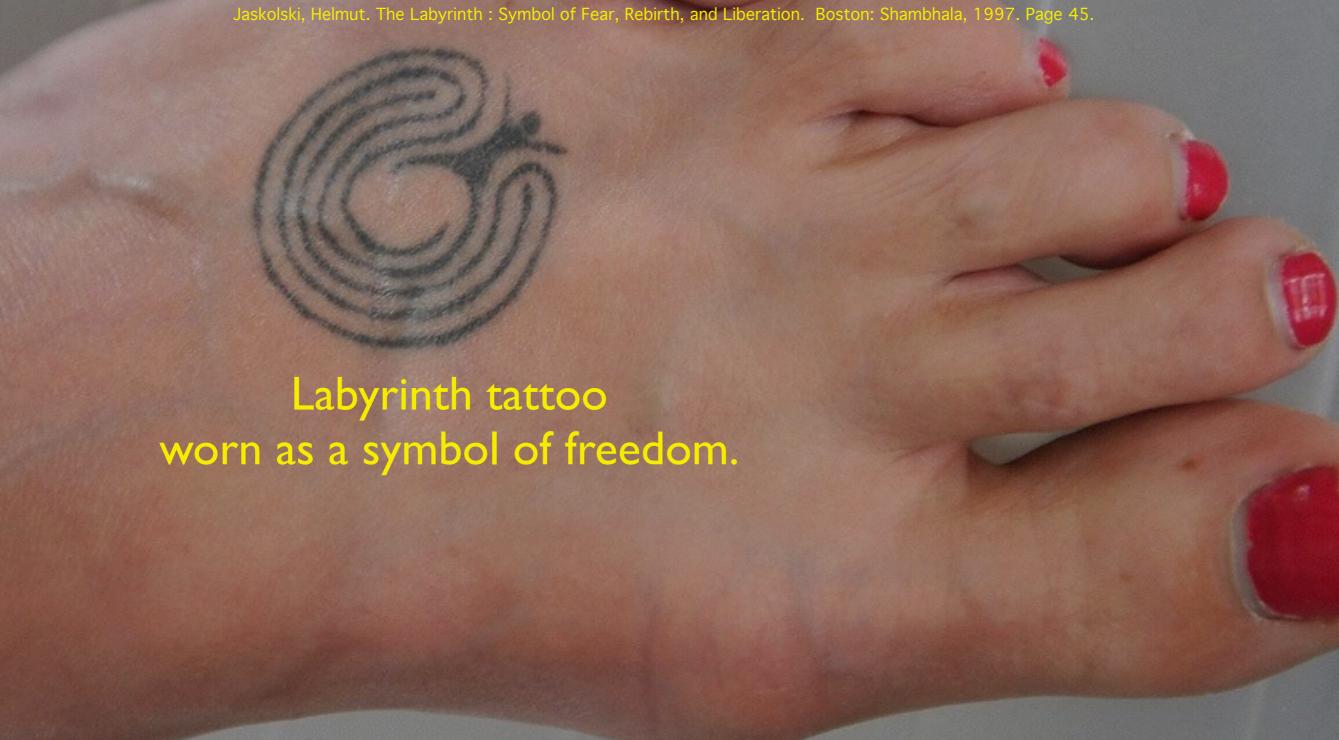
What feelings does it evoke in you?

What else does it make you think of?

The symbolism of protection: a prison and/or place of refuge

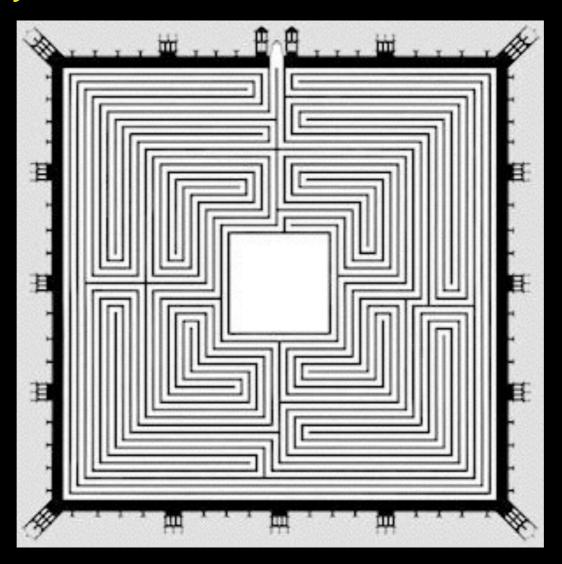






"Throughout the years the labyrinth has often been employed as a symbol for the omphalos (center or hub) or sacred city..."

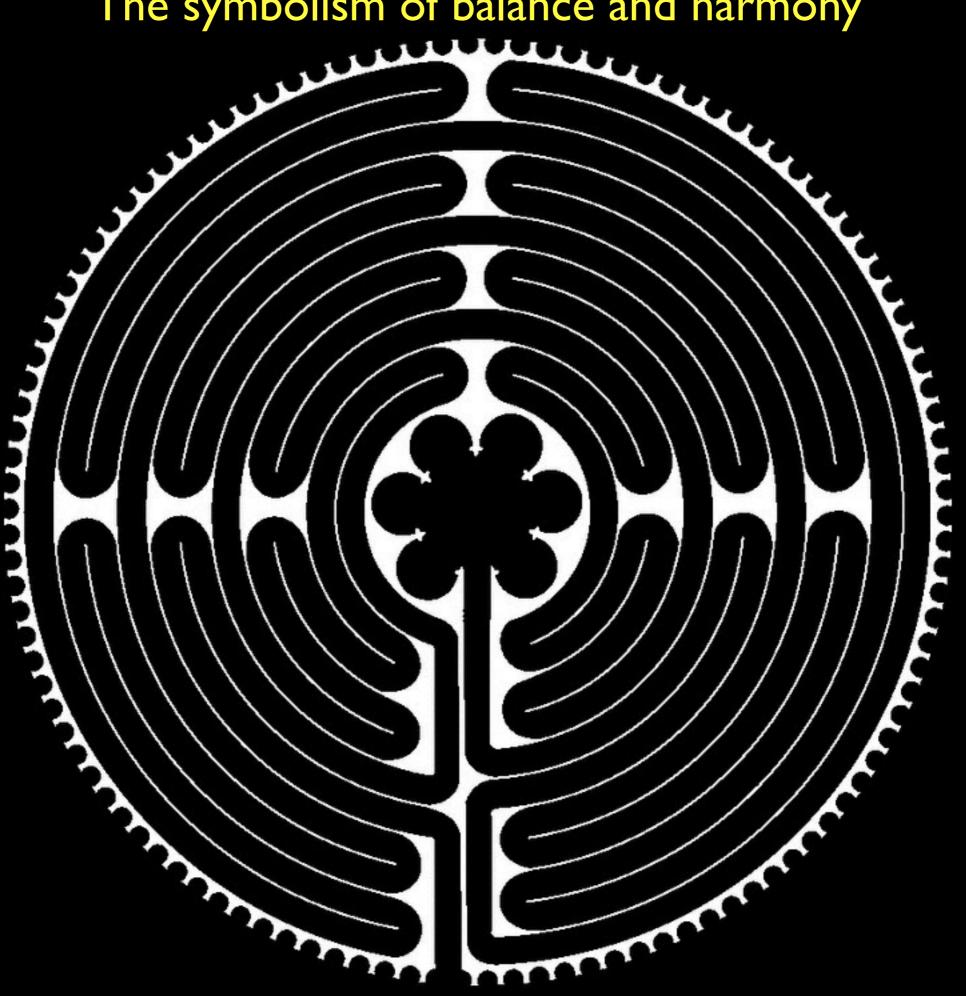
Jeff Saward, Editorial, Caerdroia 1992.

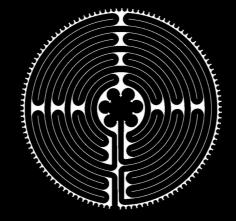


A place of safety and protection.

Mosaic, Pula, Croatia
Used by permission from labyrinthos.net

The symbolism of balance and harmony





The symbolism of the Chartres Cathedral labyrinth: Balance

how far you go on the path towards or away from the center 12 Center Which circle you are in 0 Outside

See: Kuipers, Willem. 2000. Cadence Characterises Labyrinths. Caerdroia, 33-40.

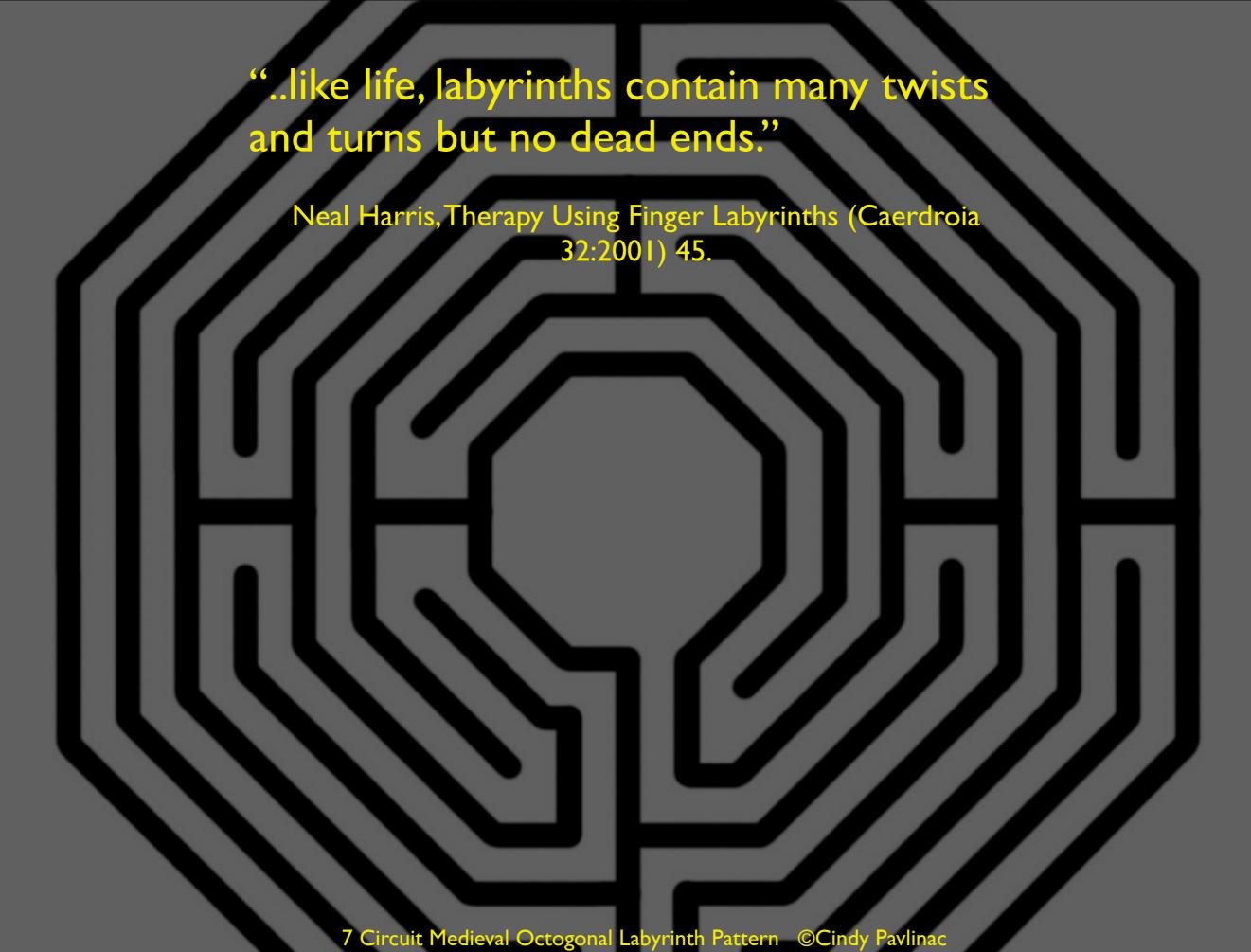
, followed these dynamic sy DO nion

The symbolism of journeying (moving externally and internally)









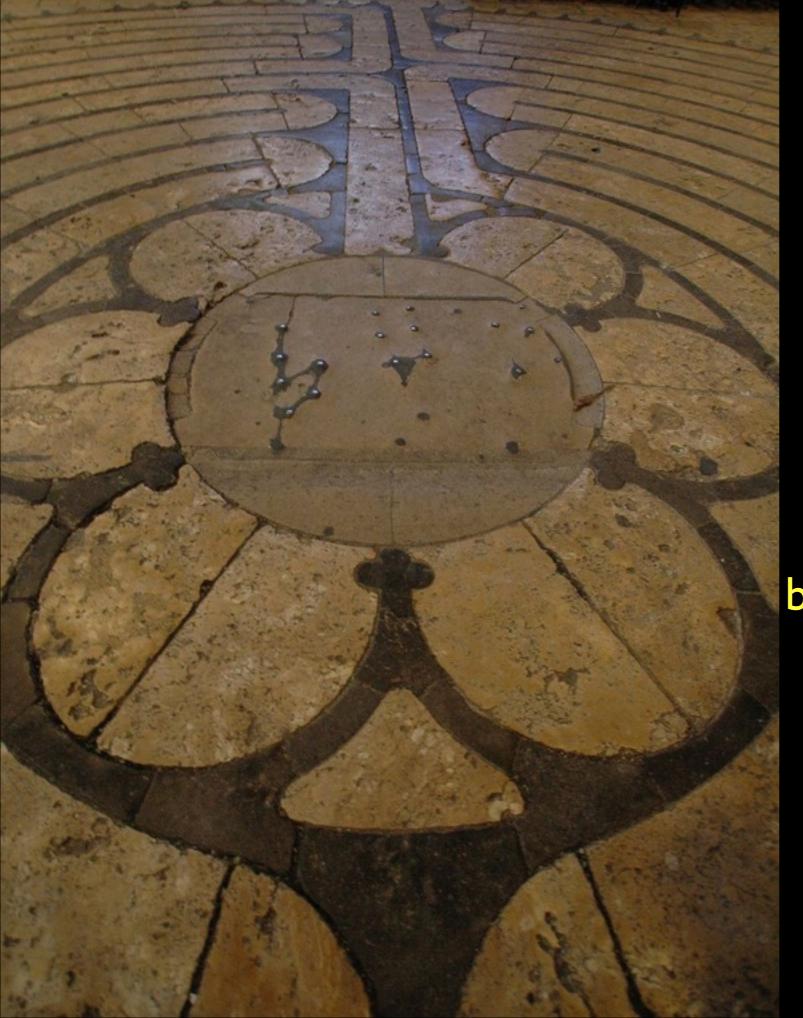
"Labyrinths can be thought of as symbolic forms of pilgrimage..."

Wikipedia, Labyrinth. en.wikipedia.org/wiki/labyrinth

"[Pilgrims are]...persons in motion, passing through territories not our ownseeking something we might call completion, or perhaps the word clarity will do as well, a goal to which only the Spirit's compass points the way."

H. Richard Neibuhr,

American Theologian & Ethicist (1894-1962)



The symbolism of the Chartres Cathedral labyrinth: The mysterious nature of spiritual life: when you think you are close to God on your journey of faith, you may be far away, but when you think you are far from God's presence, you may be close to God.

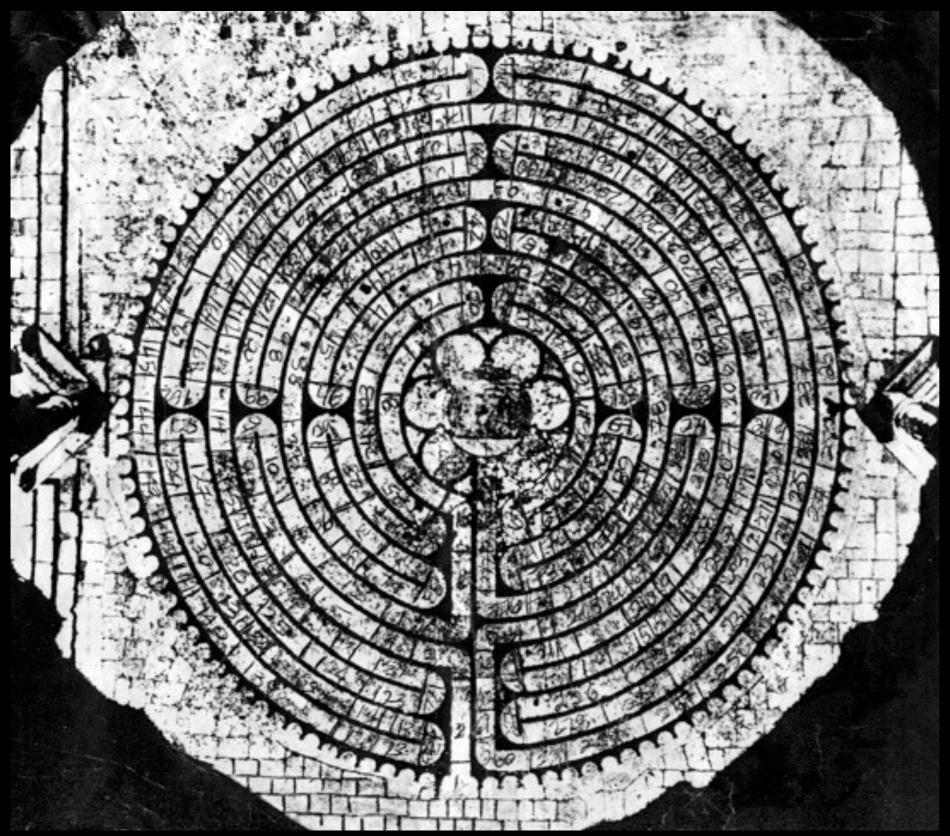
"Some consider the labyrinth a metaphor for life's journey; however, it is important for Christians to remember that God chose and chooses to journey to us... In our wanderings, no matter where we turn or what choices we make, God is there. In a life of prayer and faithfulness, things can get messy, but you cannot get lost or make a mistake so severe that God abandons you."

The Labyrinth Prayer Walk. Abiding Presence Lutheran Church, Prayer Fest 2007.

The symbolism of journeying: birth



The Chartres labyrinth as a symbol of birth and life: Shapes and sizes of the various 268-274 stones:

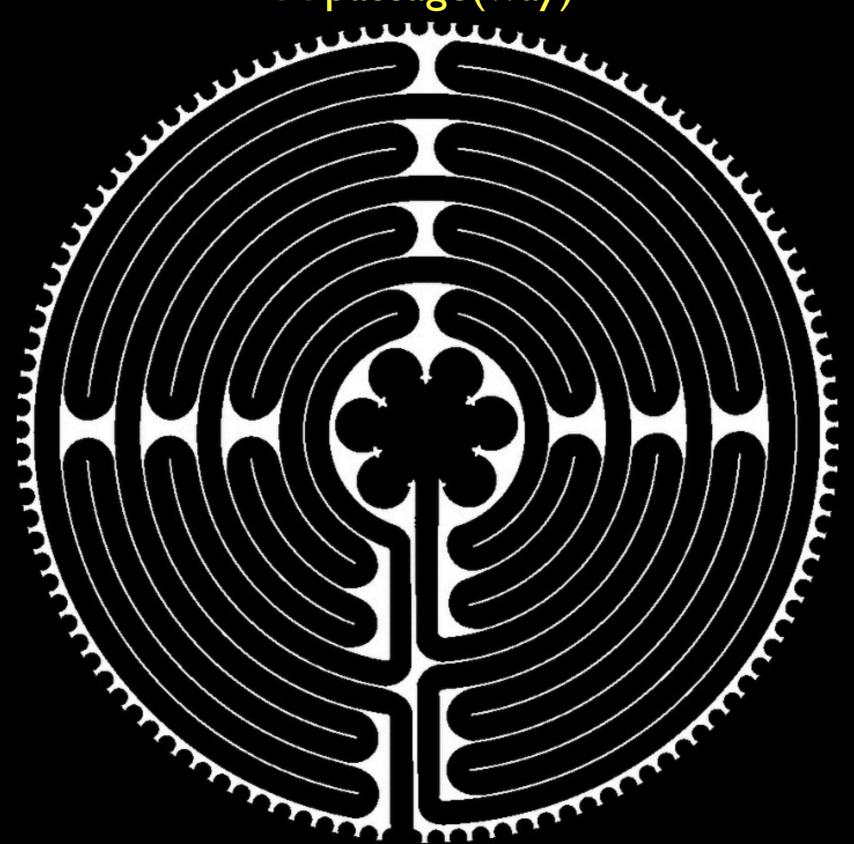




Some see a correlation between the number of stones and gestation of a human baby. There is no evidence of this, but it is in keeping with the theological messages of the rest of the cathedral.



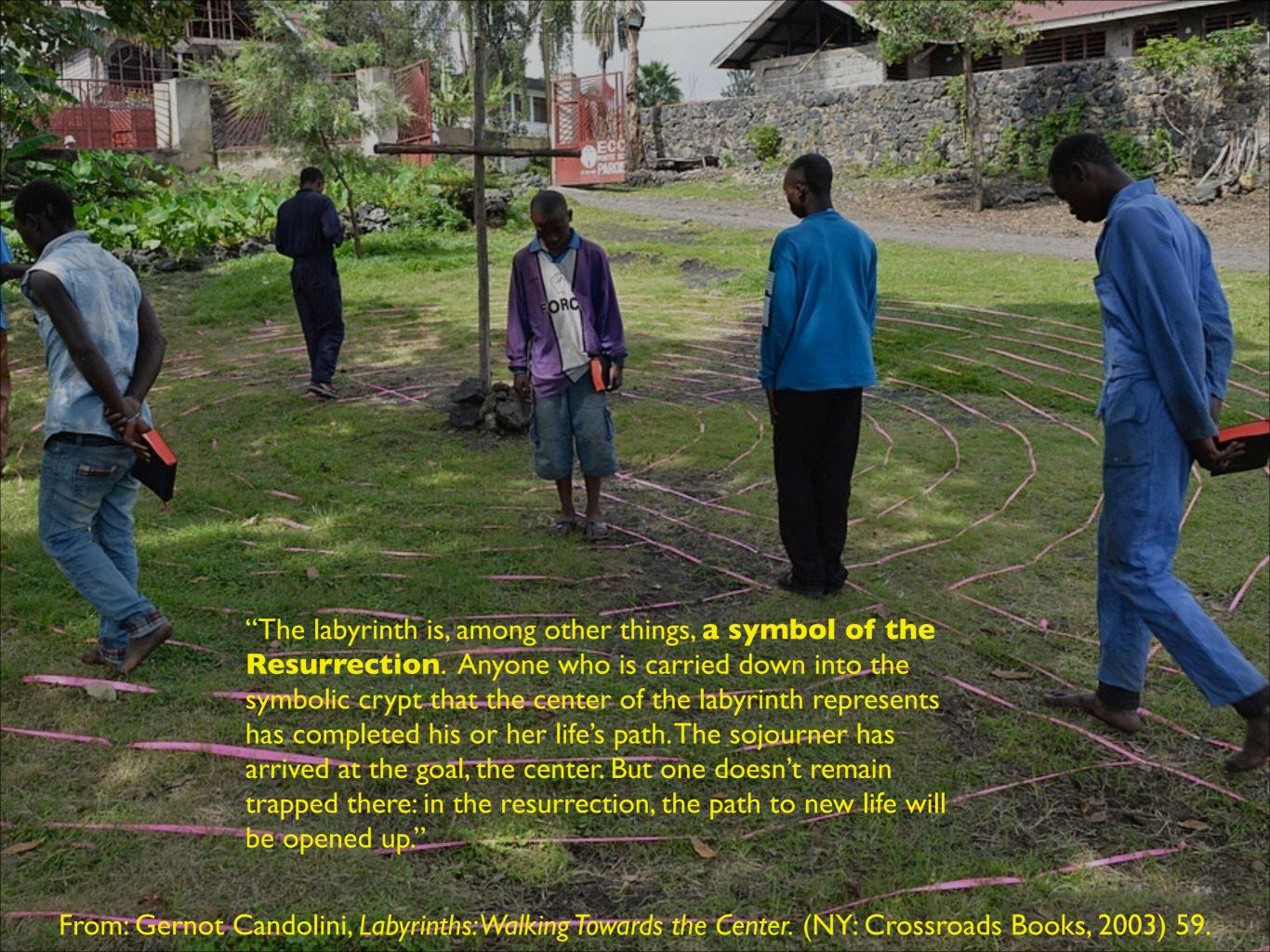
The symbolism of journeying: life, death, and resurrection A passage(way)





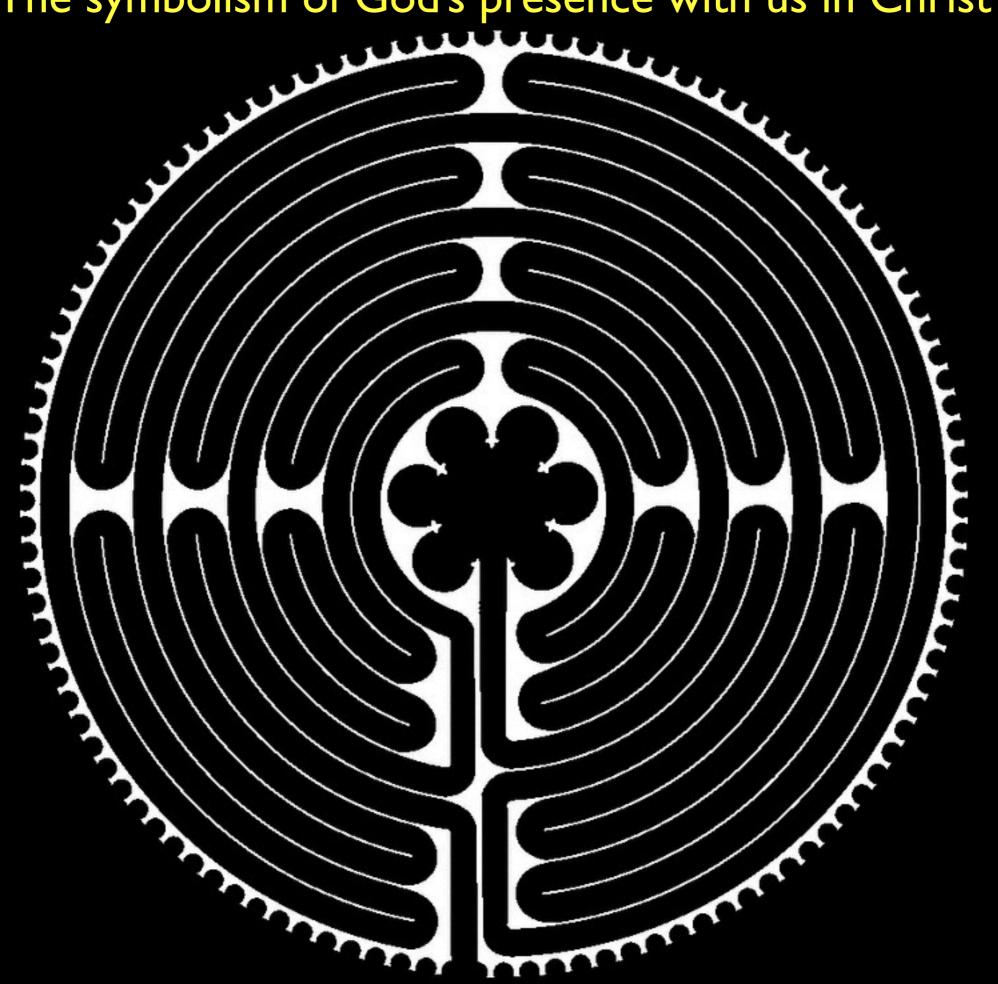
The Chartres labyrinth may have held an explicit symbol of Christ's victory over evil and death: Theseus and the Minotaur





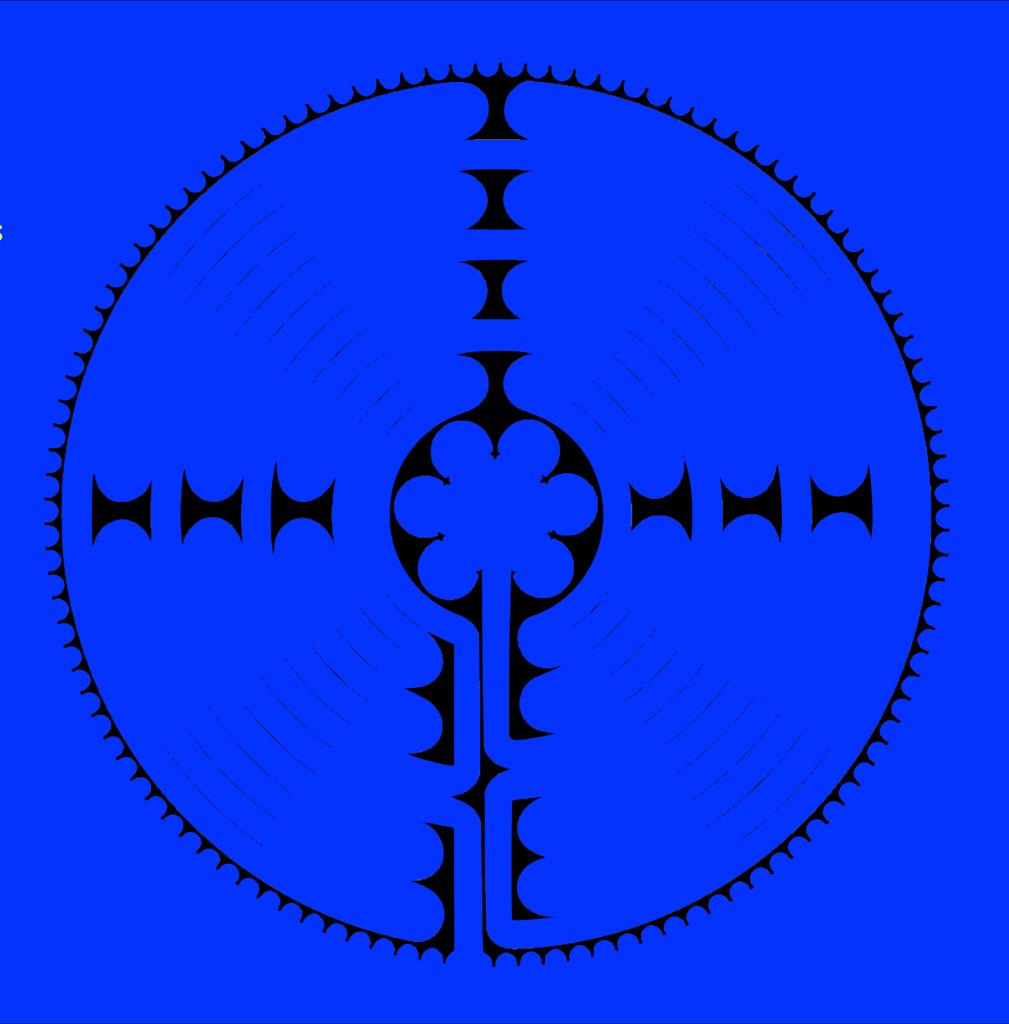


The symbolism of God's presence with us in Christ



The cross, one of the central symbols of Christian faith and hope, defines the Chartres labyrinth.

It also defines the life of every Christ-follower.



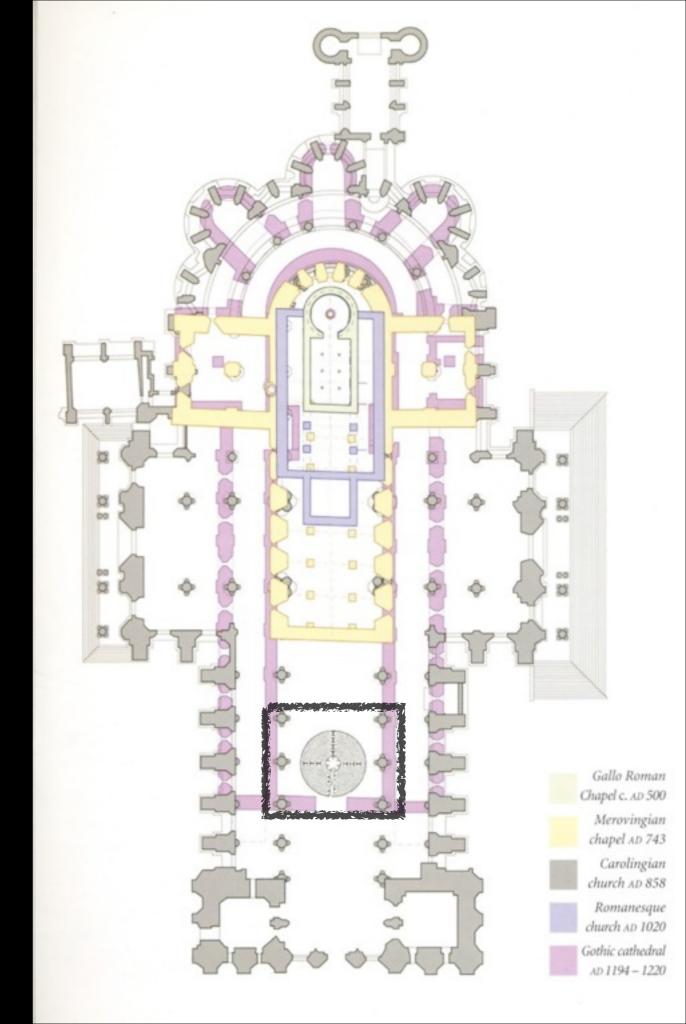
The symbolism of seeking the Center



The placement of the Chartres labyrinth is symbolic. It is pointing to the truth of God's presence with us in in this world.

- I. Fulbert's Cathedral (started in 1020): If a labyrinth existed, it was placed at the entrance to the cathedral. It would symbolize the transition from "outside" to "inside."
- 2. Gothic Cathedral (labyrinth between 1201-1220): placed between the 3rd and 4th pillars of the nave. A meeting place of heaven (3) and earth (4).

Diagram: Gordon Strachan. 2003. Chartres: Sacred Geometry, Sacred Space. Edinburgh: Floris Books. Page 8.



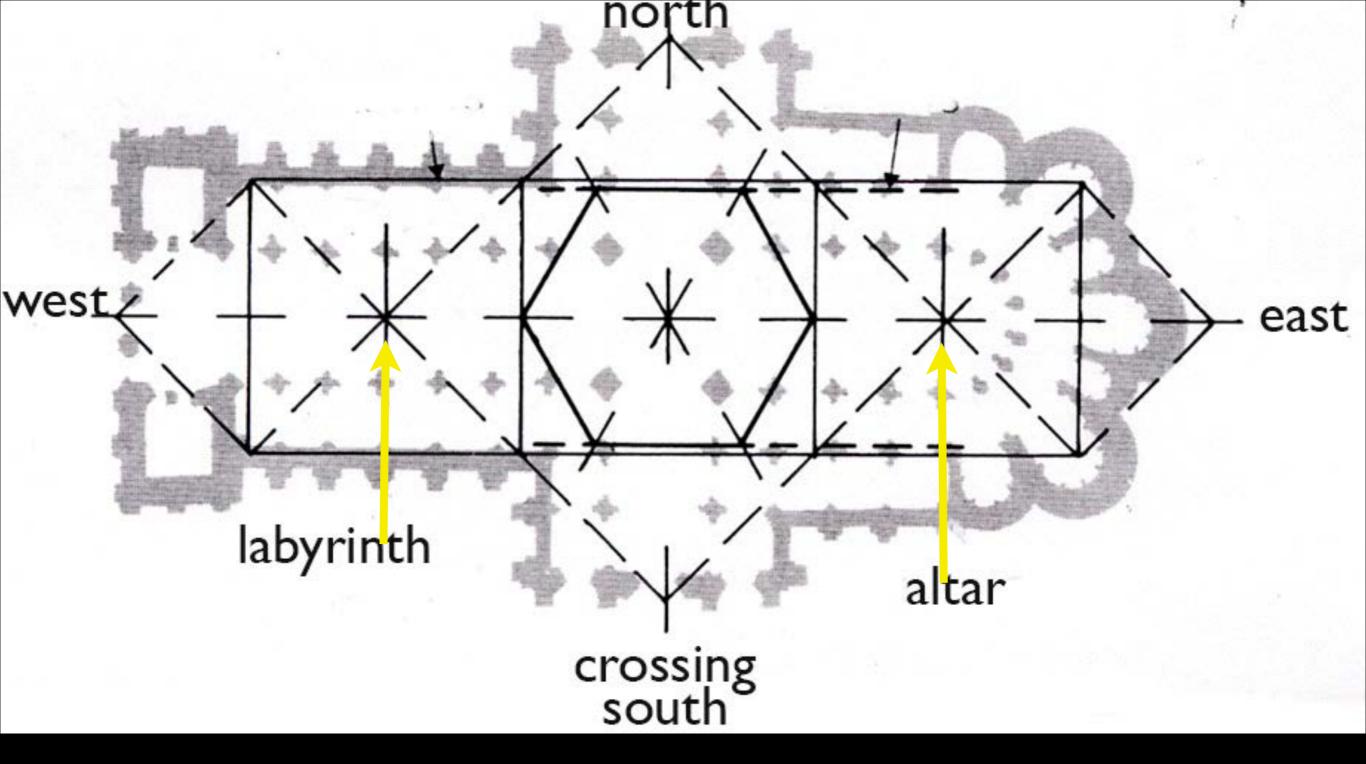
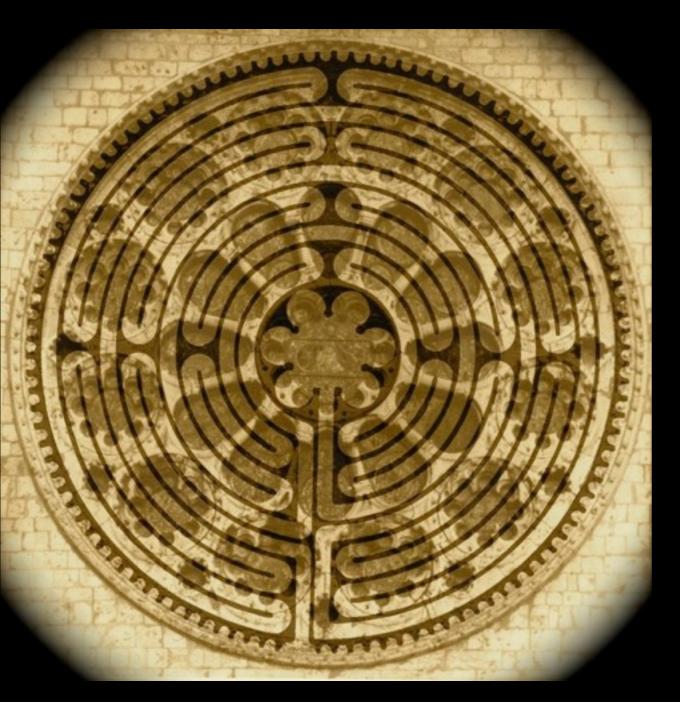


Diagram:

The symbolic placement of the labyrinth points towards God's ability to reach us with salvation.

The symbolism of the Chartres Cathedral Labyrinth: Jesus as the Center of all history: past, present and future







Sacred Geometry=
number symbolism
which includes shape,
mathematics,
philosophy,
theology, and
ratios (relationships of numbers).



During the medieval period in Europe (500-1500 CE)God was understood to be the Creator-Geometer. God created everything in a methodical way using numbers and ratios. Each number and ratio was understood to have a symbolic shape and meaning. Scholars in the Church tried to use the same numbers and ratios as God had when they designed and built churches.

I: unity of all things: (circle) [God]

2: duality out of which all creation is possible (line)

3: creativity, stability, balance (triangle) [Trinity]

4: earth, groundedness (square)

5: patterned growth, beauty (pentagram)

6: divine order on earth, balance of heaven and earth; stability of structure (6-sided star)

7: complete yet ongoing process, transformation, union of heaven and earth (heptagon)

8: Renewal (octogon)

9: The ultimate, horizon (9 pointed star)

10: new beginnings, recapitulation (decad)

II: Passageway, often associated with sin (hendecagon)

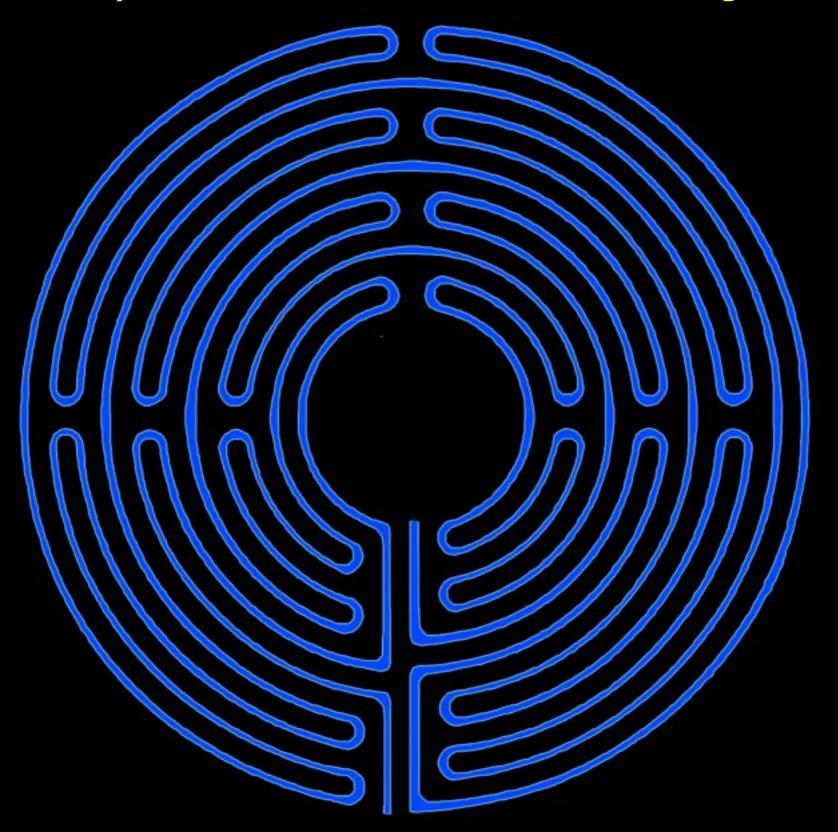
12: wholeness, completion of a cycle, infusion of matter with spirit. (Dodekad)

13th century illustration of Jesus-Geometer creating the universe.

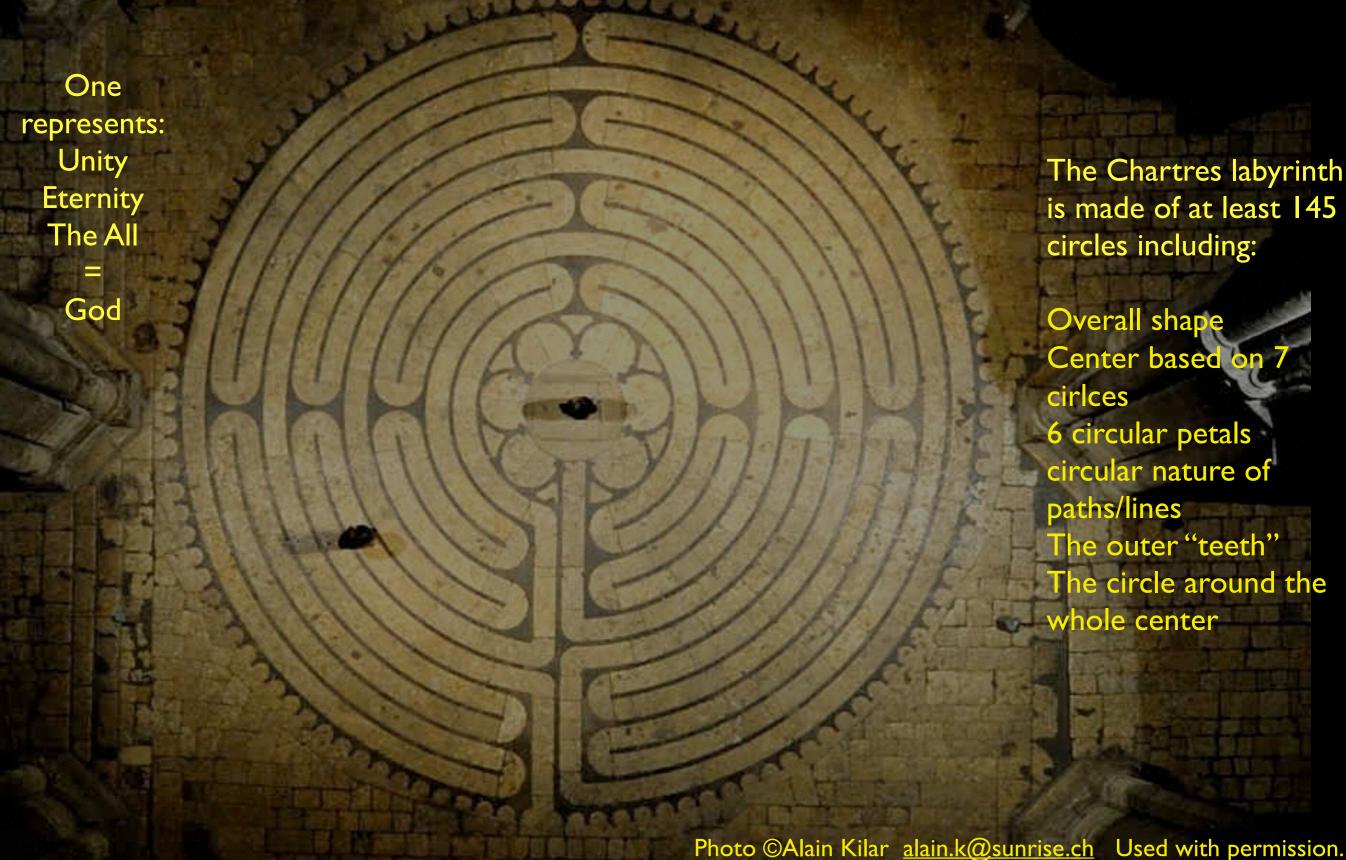
The Circular Nature of the Chartres Labyrinth: The Number One A Symbol of God,

Eternity, Wholeness, and Never-ending Love

The circle--a line without a beginning or end--is a symbol of eternity.



The symbolism of the Chartres Cathedral Labyrinth: A Circle: Represented by the Number One: God's Presence

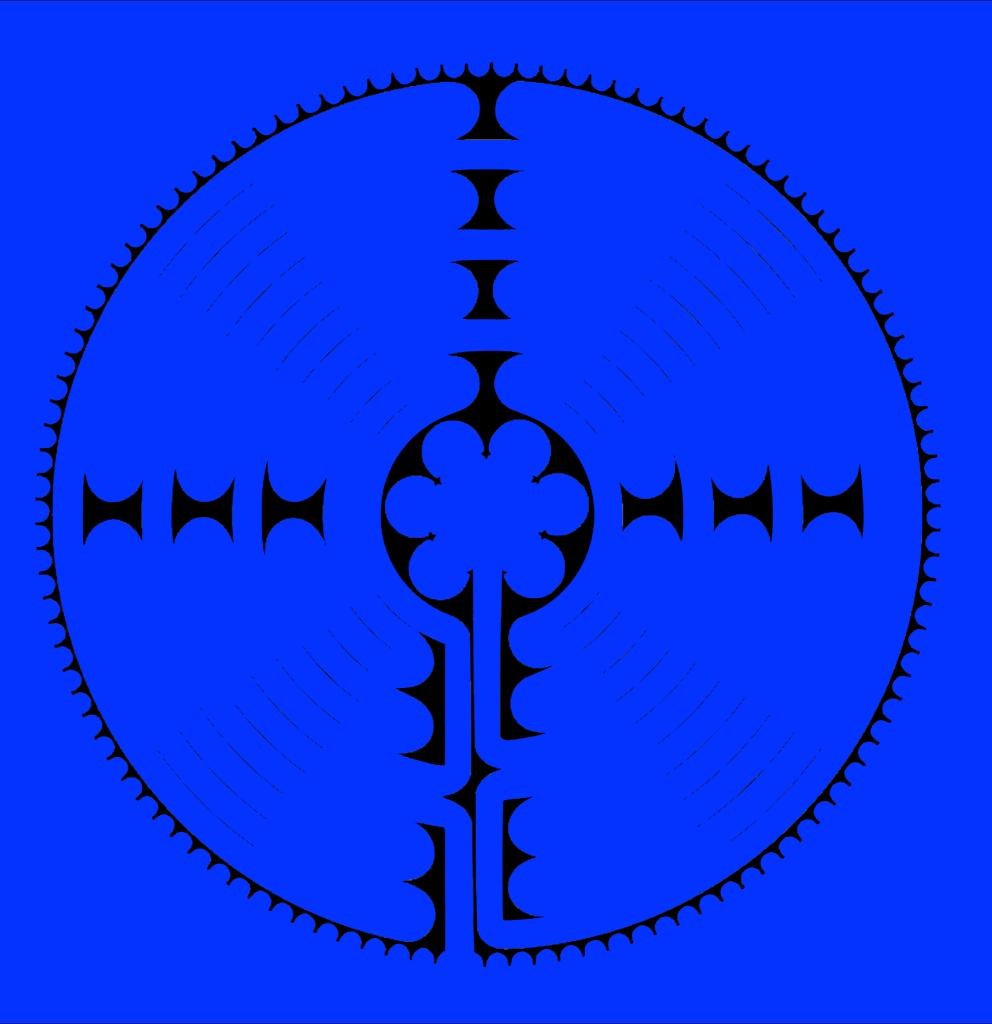


The symbolism of 4 in the Chartres labyrinth:

The cross is represented by 4 "arms."
4 represents the earth.

Our walk through the labyrinth is dewfined by the cross.

We are reminded that our life on earth is a walk towards God/eternal life (represented by the center).



The symbolism of the Chartres Cathedral labyrinth: The Cross





The cross is also represented 5 times in the center of the Chartres Labyrinth.

These "crosses surround the inner and unseen circle that defines the center (Jesus).

They are also linked to the 12 areas (disciples) surrounding the center- a reminder of Jesus' words:

"whoever does not take up the cross and follow me is not worthy of me." Matthew 10:38

Since five represents growth, one message is that following Jesus will lead to growth.

The Labyrinth symbolizes God's presence with us here on earth

Center & Diameters: Proportions of Import

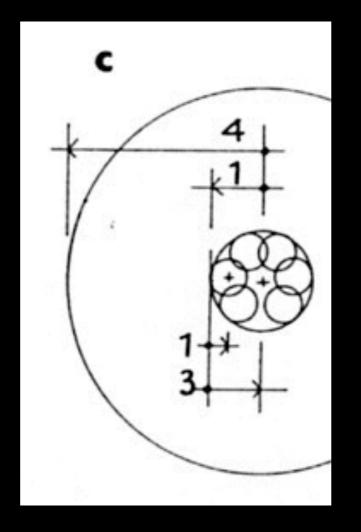


Diagram and Geometry by John James

I: Unity of all (God)

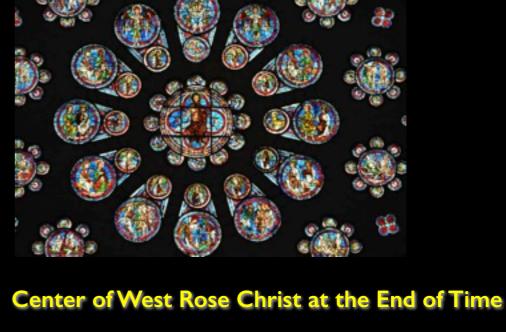
3: Trinity, Spirit Stability, Balance, Heaven

4: Matter, Ground, Earth

The ratio of the diameter of the center to the diameter of the labyrinth is 1:4. The ratio of the diameter of each "petal" to the diameter of the center is 1:3.

Symbol of Jesus Christ As Represented by Six Six Petalled Flower in the Center of the Chartres Labyrinth

"The motif [of the six-lobed rosette belongs to an old and widespread family of stellar symbols, the origins of which reach back into antiquity. Eight-or six-lobed rosettes, as symbols of the stellar nature of God, are a common occurrence in Sumerian, Babylonian, Jewish and Roman art. The motif was quickly absorbed into the Christian cult, as a reference to the celestial nature of the new god, and subsequently became so closely associated with the cross of Christ as to be practically interchangeable with it. **Walter Horn and Ernest Born**







The labyrinth as a symbol of God's presence with us

12

in medieval Christian thinking and practice

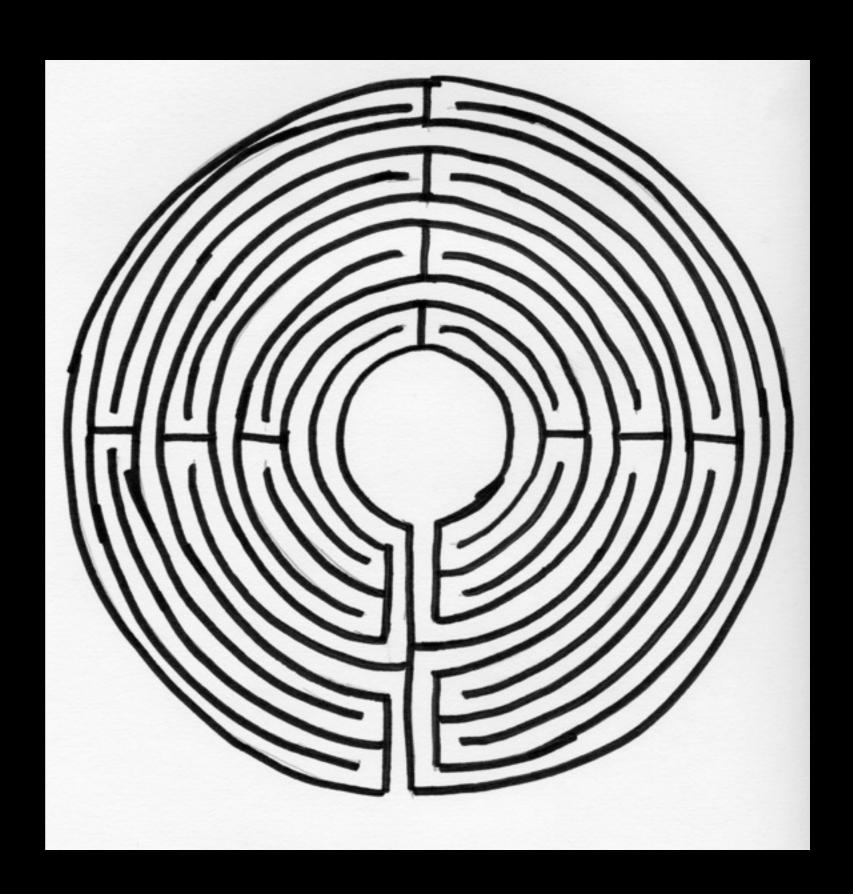
- I. Wholeness completion of a cycle
- 2. Infusion of matter with spirit

$$4 \times 3 = 12$$



The Chartres labyrinth is composed of 12 circles.

It has 12 divisions in its center flower.



12 in medieval Christian thinking and practice: symbolism of God's ultimate reign

The new (heavenly) Jerusalem

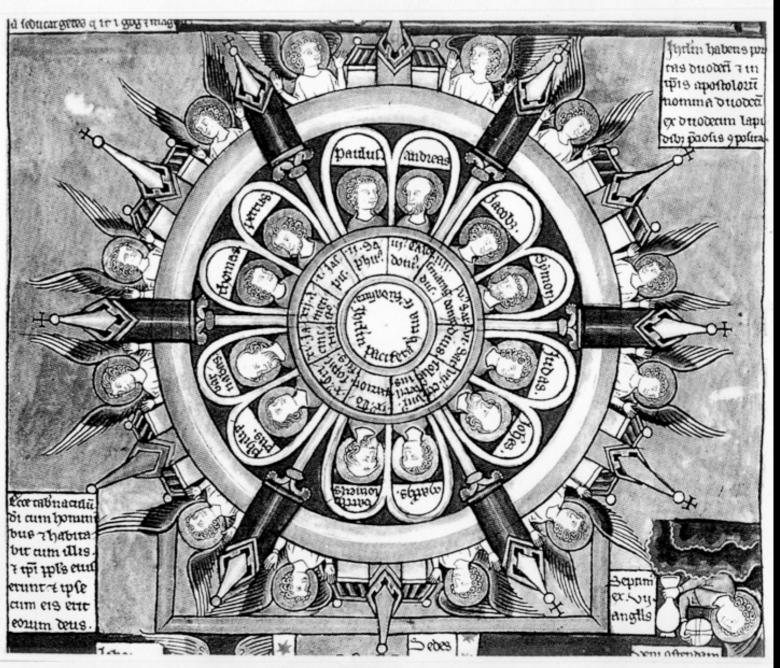
I 2 walls, gates , angels,foundations with the names of the I 2 apostles

Revelation 21

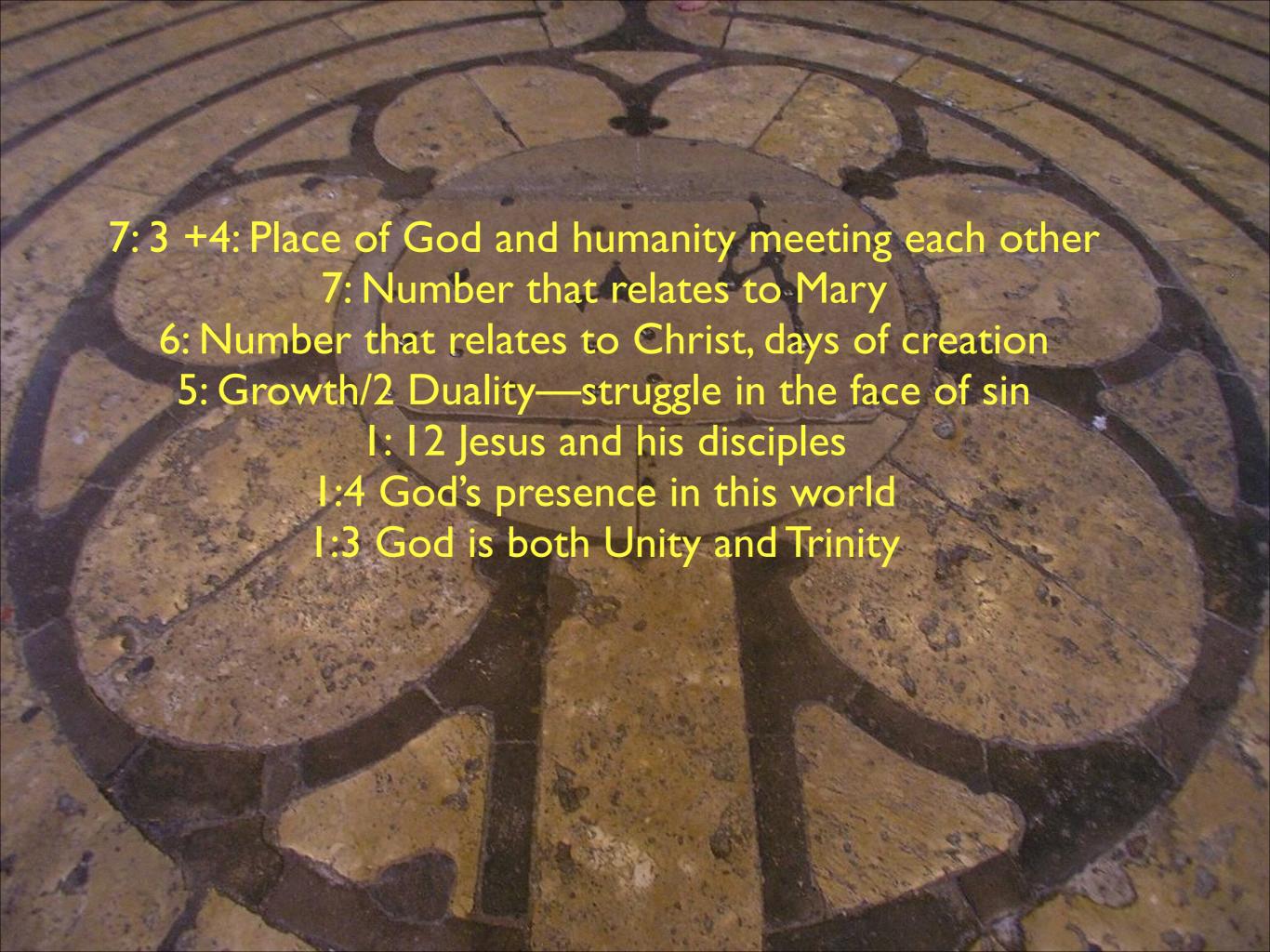


The heavenly Jerusalem

The walls of the heavenly city are circular and are divided into six sections with towers at intervals. Drawing from the Liber Floridus, circa 1260.

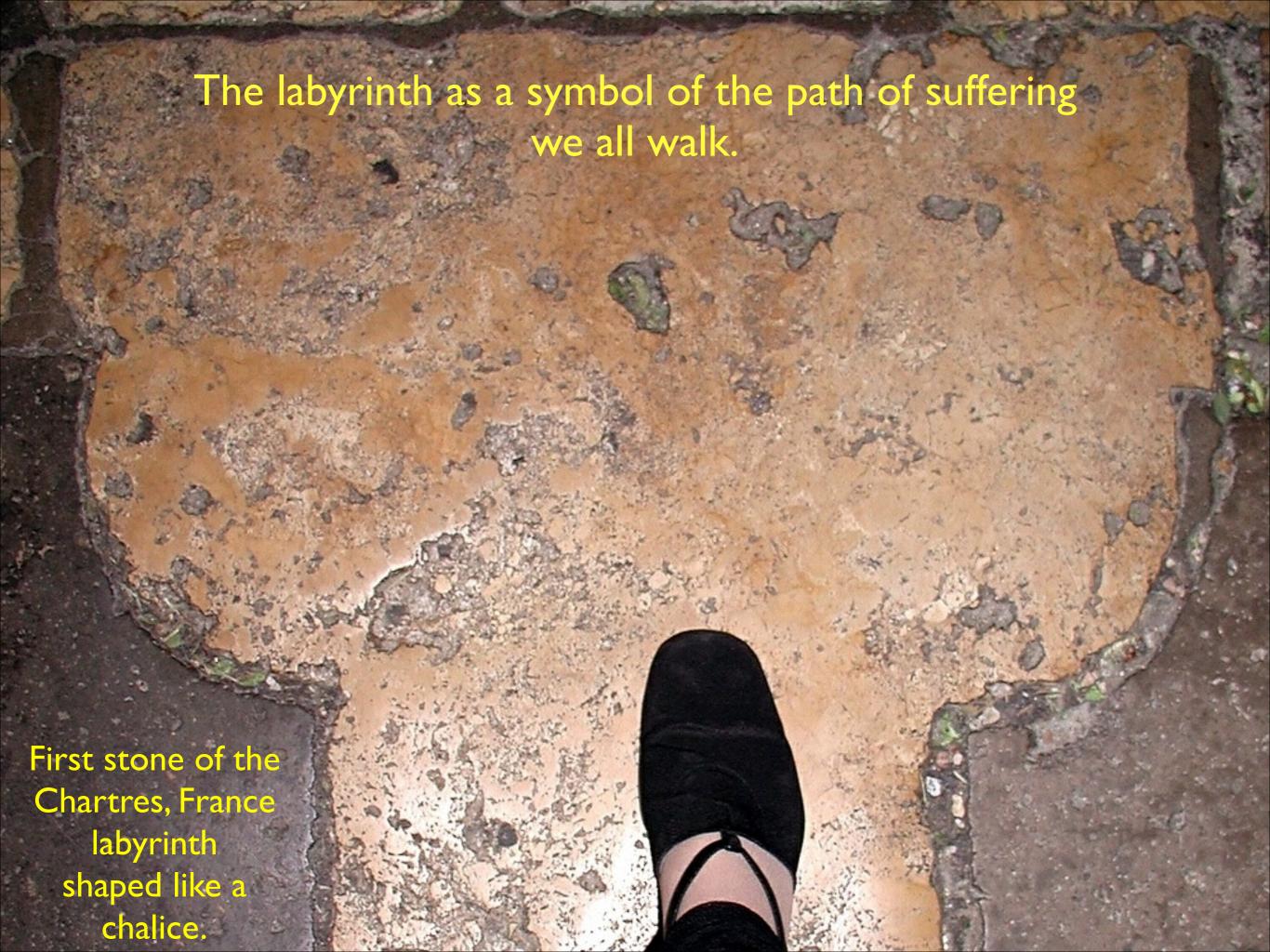


Prache, Anne. Chartres Cathedral. Image of the Heavenly Jerusalem. Translated by Janice Abbott. Paris: CNRS Editions, 1993. Page 9.



The symbolism of the shapes found in the Chatres labyrinth: Christian theology without words





There are eleven other chalice-like forms in the labyrinth.



Christ as the passageway to God

I am the Door/Gate;
whoever enters through me
will be saved.

S/he will come in and go out,
and find pasture.

- Jesus (John 10:9)



The symbolism of the windy pathway:

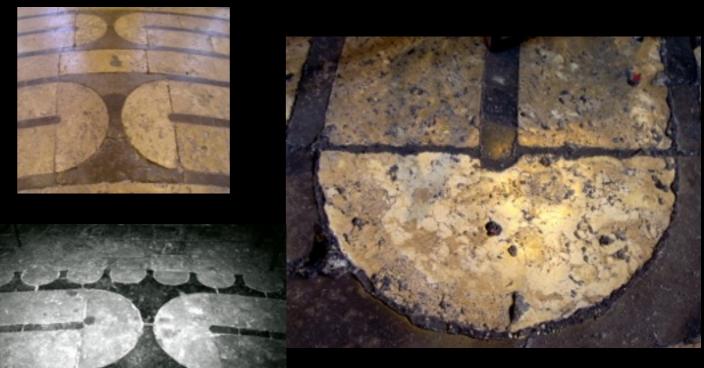
One is being led safely to the "goal"/ center—but not directly!

Following
Christ involves
a winding
journey.



The turning path symbolizes the twists and turning nature of human existence.















Partial-circles around the outside of the labyrinth: symbol of the monastic cloister?











The symbolism of a cloister walk



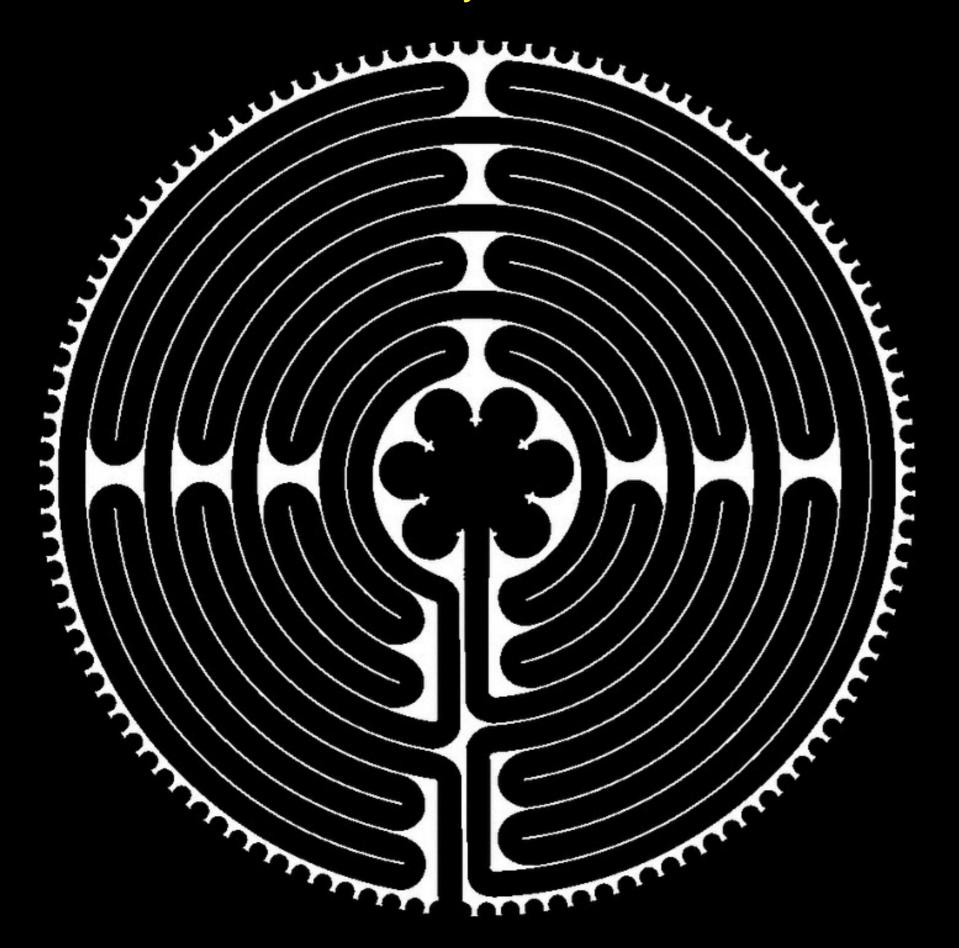


Monastic walkway for prayer & reflection: a sheltered environment for study and meditation.

The cloister often housed a well in the center and sometimes included a healing garden full of medicinal herbs.



The outer "teeth" as Jesus' crown of thorns.

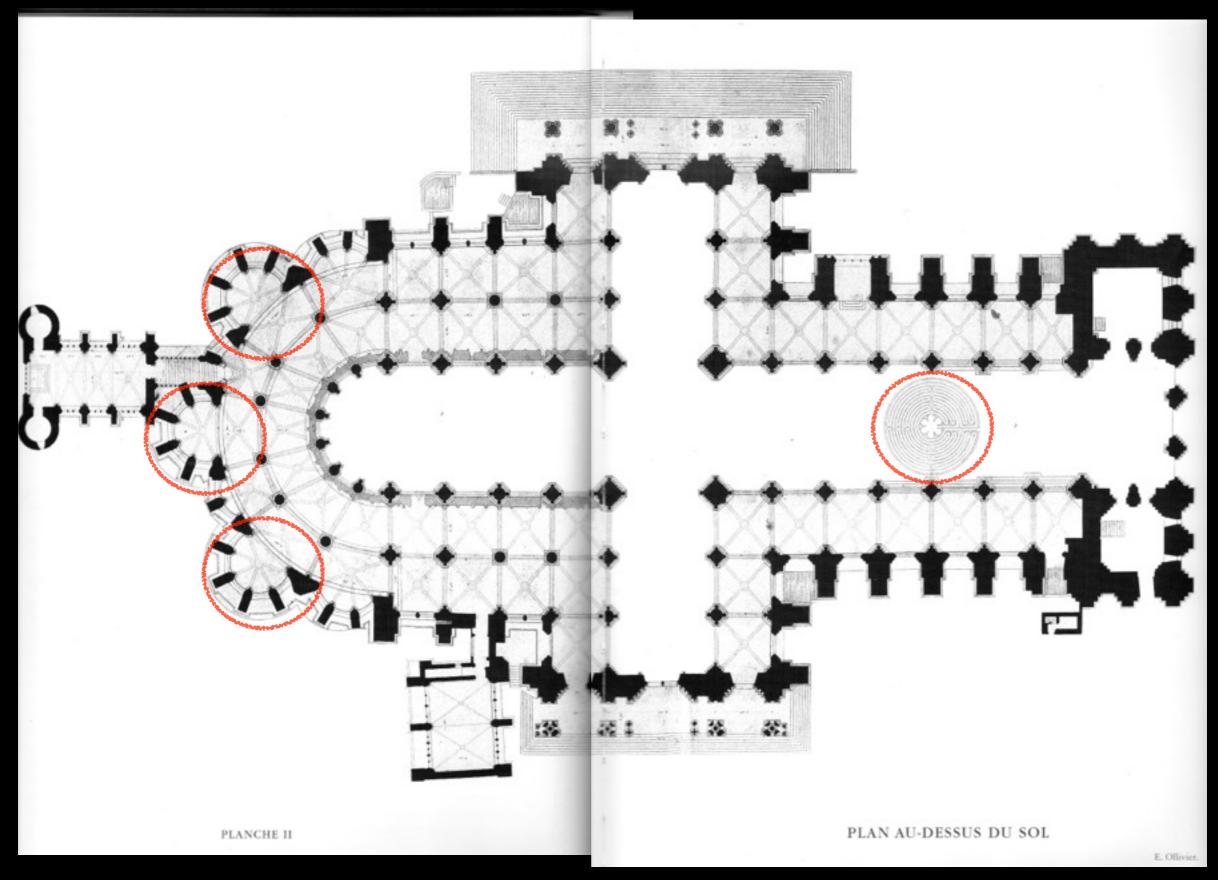


...and after twisting some thorns into a crown, the soldiers of the governor put it on his head. They put a reed in his right hand and knelt before him and mocked him, saying, "Hail, King of the Jews!"

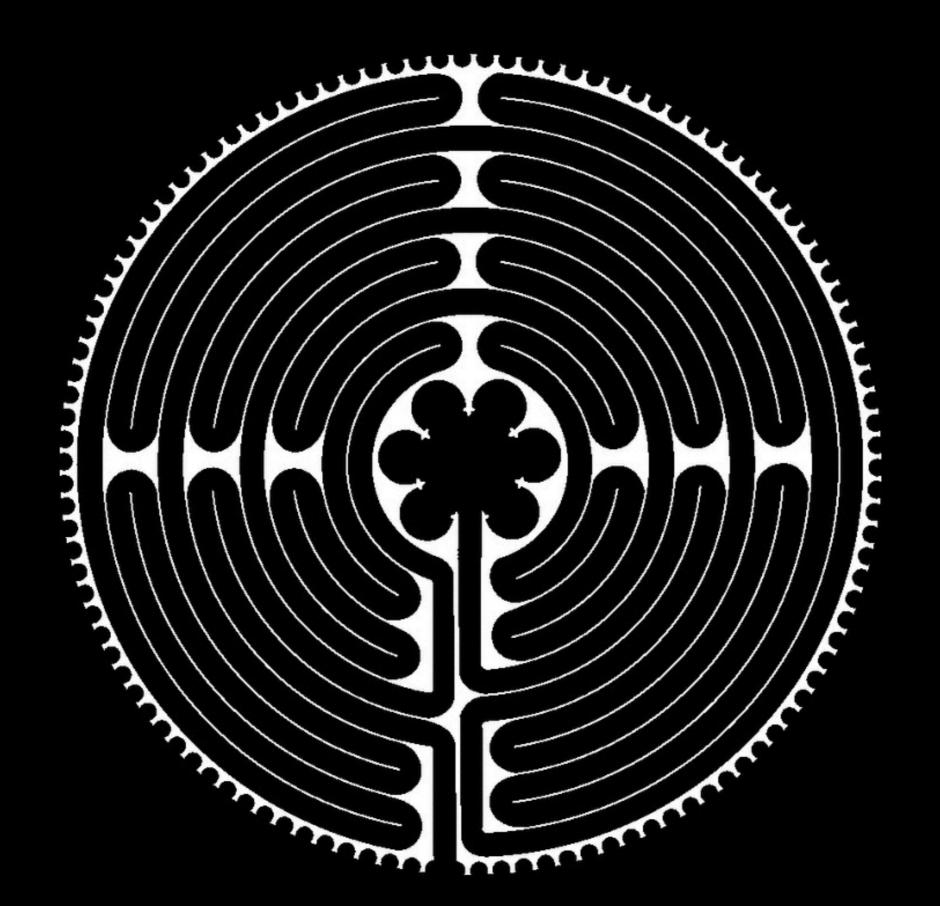
Matthew 27:29

The circular labyrinth as a parallel symbol of a the circular chapels in the east of the cathedral:

A spacial (symbolic) echo of Christ's victorious presence with us.



Other symbolisms of the Chartres labyrinth



"The circular, cross-containing [labyrinth] is a simple map of the path to sanctity, a wordless image of the New Testament. Its message: Follow the path of the gospel and the mercy of God will finally bring you to the heavenly Jerusalem, the kingdom of God, no matter how many turns you make along the way or how many times your goal may seem to recede. Along the way you will discover, and even carry, the cross, but the cross contains the resurrection--life with Christ and all the saints in the new Jerusalem."

Jim Forest. 2007. The Road to Emmaus: Pilgrimage as a Way of Life. Maryknoll, NY: Orbis. 45.



Assignment for last session: Week 16 Integration of Learning from the Semester and Contextualization of Labyrinths in Myanmar

- 1. Hand in your labyrinth journals with 32 completed entries.
- 2. Pray the labyrinth at least once (hopefully more!) before our next class and reflect on your walk using the labyrinth journal page.
- 3. Ponder what God has been teaching you and how God has been forming you through your labyrinth prayer this semester.
- 4. Think about contextualization of labyrinths in Myanmar; we will discuss this in class.
- 5. Please complete the class evaluation form. Your thoughts will help make the class better for future students. I will not read the evaluations until after I have turned in the grades.





